

Copy the link below to watch this weeks overview for Curriculum

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_ktW9KRfGp8&feature=youtu.be

Curriculum

Week beginning 18.01.21

This week ...



Day 1 – RE

Day 2 – Music

Day 3 – History

Day 4 – Art

Day 5 - PE

Day 1

RE

RE -

Can you remember what we looked at last week in RE?



This is the Mandir. This is where Hindu's pray. A **Hindu temple** is called a **Mandir** . It is a sacred place for **Hindu** worship. There are hundreds of **Mandirs** in the UK. In India, where most **Hindus** live, there are **temples** in almost every village. **Temples** often honour the gods and goddesses.



Can you remember any of the important features of a Mandir from last week?

Here is a reminder of the important features of a Mandir from last week

Important Features of a Hindu Mandir



Shoe Rack
A place to store shoes before entering the mandir.



Murtis
A murtis is a statue of God, a god or goddess.



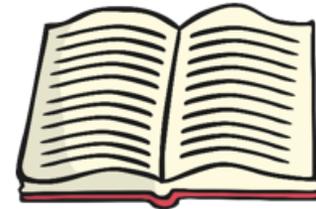
Bell
Worshippers ring the bell before entering to let God know they have arrived.



Aum
This is the Hindu symbol. You may see this is if you ever visit a Hindu temple.



Main Shrine
This is the heart of the temple to represent the heart of the worshipper. It is usually at the front of the temple.



Vedas
These are the ancient Hindu texts. They are kept safe in a special case.

I would like you to watch this video to find out more about Hindus and the Mandir.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o-s0mN5P8jo>

In your home learning books I would like you to use the list below to put them in the correct places. You can have a go at drawing and labelling these in your home learning books. If you get stuck you can flick back to the last page to help you.

Places of Worship: Mandir

Fill in the blanks from the list.

Vedas	main shrine	Murtis	bell	shoe rack	Aum
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Day 2

Music

Today we are going to join in on a Feel Good Fifteen music lesson.

I hope you're ready for a sing song!

Follow the link below.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eVMkarDuwNg>

Day 3

History

Can you remember who we looked at last week in History?



Florence Nightingale



Can you remember what Florence Nightingale did?

Why did Florence Nightingale become so famous?

Let's recap and read more about Florence Nightingale.

Who Was Florence Nightingale?



Florence Nightingale was born in 1820.

She was named Florence after Florence in Italy, where she was born.

She died in 1910.

She is still famous today.

She became a nurse and helped **soldiers** who were hurt in the war.





She is known as the 'Lady of the Lamp' because she carried a **lamp** with her when she checked on her **patients** in the night.



She changed the way that hospitals looked after their patients.



She changed the way that people thought about nurses.



She changed the way that people thought about women.





How Did Florence Nightingale Help?

She changed the way hospitals looked after their patients.

Before Florence Nightingale, hospitals were overcrowded and there were not enough beds. Hospitals were dirty and had rats and there weren't enough doctors to help the **patients**.

Florence Nightingale made hospitals cleaner.

She gave **patients** good food.



She saved many lives.



How Did Florence Nightingale Help?

She changed the way that people thought about nurses.

In the past, most people thought that only male doctors could look after patients and that nurses should only do the tidying and cleaning up.



In the past, nurses were not trained.

Florence Nightingale met Queen Victoria and told her what was wrong with army hospitals.



She changed the way that people thought about nurses.

She opened a nursing school called the 'Nightingale Training School for Nurses'.



Florence Nightingale wrote a book called Notes for Nursing.



Read this poem about Florence Nightingale's work in the Crimean War:

In your home learning books can you complete these sentences.



Florence Nightingale



Date of birth: _____



Date of death: _____

_____ is significant because _____





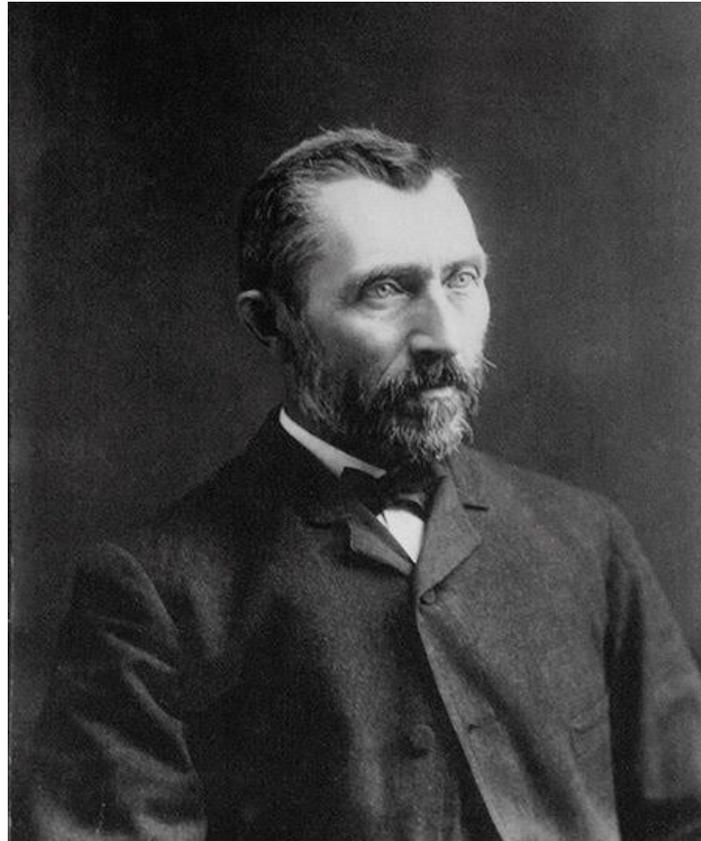
Look at the picture above. Explain what the problems were at the hospital and how Florence Nightingale solved them.

Day 4

Art

Today we are going to look at an artist named Vincent Van Gogh.

Have you heard of Vincent Van Gogh before?



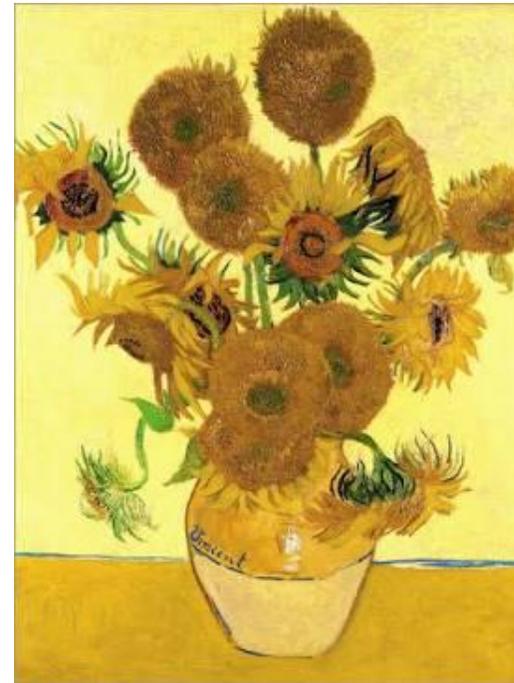
Vincent van Gogh was born on March 30, 1853, in Groot-Zundert, [Netherlands](#). He had a number of other jobs before he started painting full time. He was a teacher in London, worked in a book store and worked in an art gallery. Van Gogh was 27 years old when he painted his first piece. He would later paint flowers, landscapes and himself, mostly because he was too poor to pay any models.

Here are some of Vincent Van Gogh's most famous paintings.

Starry Night

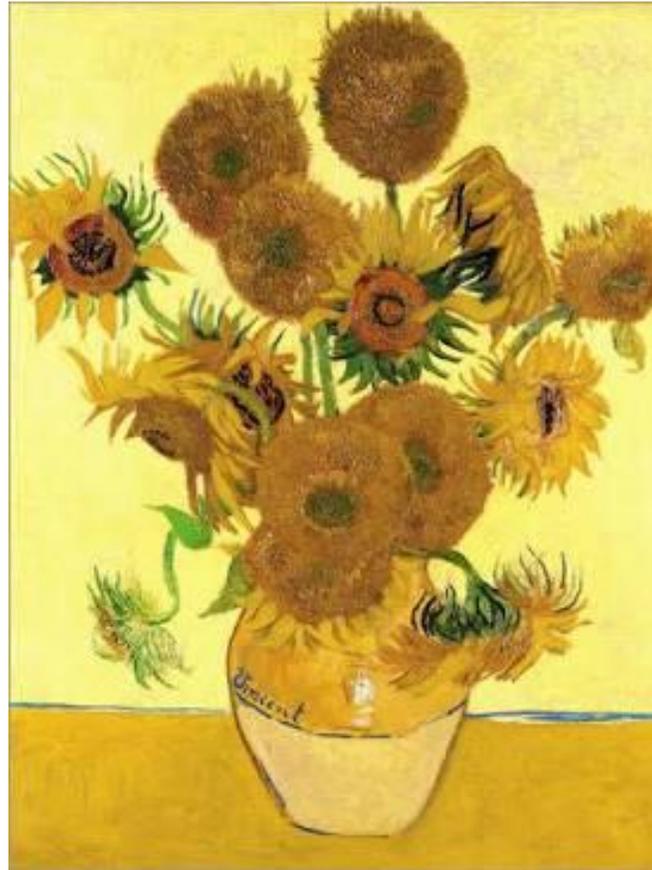


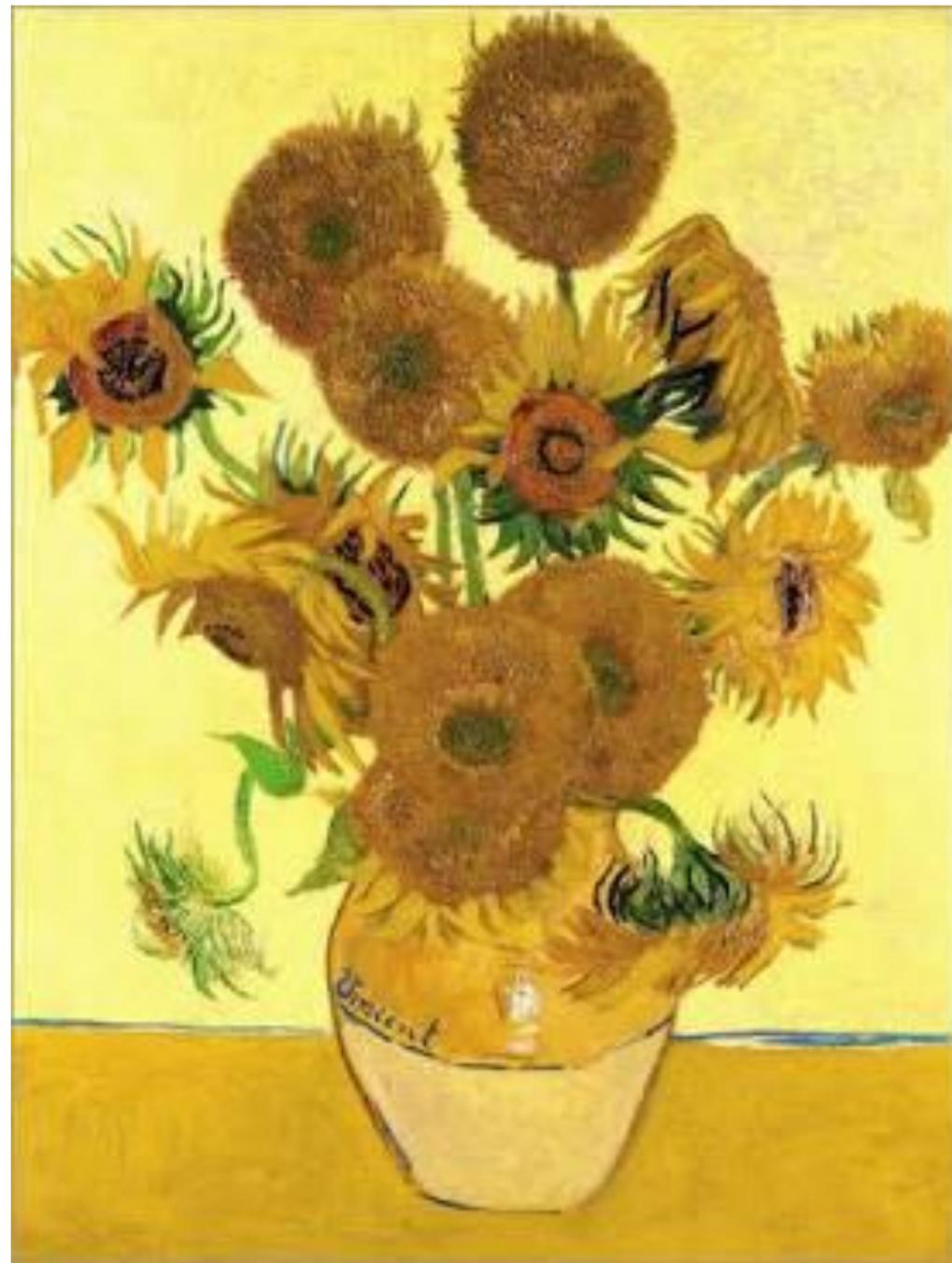
Sunflowers



I would like you to have a go at drawing Vincent Van Gogh's Sunflowers in your home learning books. Look carefully at the shape of the flowers.

I would start by drawing the vase first.





Day 5

PE

What is the first thing we do in PE?

That's right, a warm up! We must warm our bodies up before doing any PE.

Today I thought it would be fun to do a wake up shake up warm up.

Click the link below to join in.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1gUbdNbu6ak>

Throwing for accuracy



You will need: A small ball, a teddy, rolled up sock or a small soft toy. Whichever one you have at home that is fine to use as long

You will also need a basket, a box, a cushion or something that you can throw something onto/into. This is your target.

Today we are going to practise our throwing skills. This means you must be watching what you're doing at all times.

We are going to start by using two hands to throw.



- First you are going to stand at least 5 steps away from your target.
- You are going to use both hands to throw the soft object onto or into your target. You need to reach your target to score a point.
- Once you have tried this 5 times see how many points you have.
- Next you are going to push your target further away from you.
- Then try throwing your soft object on or into your target again. See how many points you can get this time.



- Next you are going to try throwing with one hand. Choose the hand that you write with.
- Now you need to try and throw your soft object on or into the target with one hand. See how many times you can do this. Each time you hit your target you get 1 point.
- Try this with someone in your house and see who can get the most points.

